10SCS22

(05 Marks)



Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- **1** a. Define the asymptotic notations O, θ , Ω , o, ω .
 - b. Show that the solution to $T(n) = 2T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + n$ is $O(n \lg n)$. (05 Marks)
 - c. Use a recursion tree to determine a good asymptotic upper bound on the recursion $T(n) = 3T(n/4) + cn^2$. Use the substitution method to verify your answer. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Write the Bellman Ford algorithm and use it to find shortest path distance form source 's' and to all other vertices. (08 Marks)



Fig. Q2(a) b. Write and explain the basic Ford – Fulkeson algorithm.

- b. Write and explain the basic Ford Fulkeson algorithm. (06 Marks)
 c. What is meant by 'relaxing' an edge? Give the pseudocode for RELAX(u, v, w) and explain. (06 Marks)
- 3 a. Illustrate the potential method of amortized analysis on stack operations. (06 Marks) b. Give the outline of the procedure for multiplying two polynomials A(x) and B(x) of degree
 - b. Give the outline of the procedure for multiplying two polynomials A(x) and B(x) of degree bound n in $\theta(n \lg n)$ time. (04 Marks)
 - c. Write and explain the algorithm for recursive FFT. Also determine its running time. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Give the pseudocode for computing extended Ecludian. Find gcd(99, 78), using extended Ecludian and show the computation steps at each level of recursion. (06 Marks)
 - b. Discuss the Chainese remainder theorem. Find solution to the equation $a \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$ and $a \equiv 3 \pmod{13}$. (10 Marks)
 - c. Define a group and give its properties. (04 Marks)
- 5 a. Describe the encryption mechanism using public key cryptosystems. (08 Marks)
 b. Consider a RSA key set with p = 11, q = 29, n = 319 and e = 3. What value of d should be used in secret key? What is the encryption of the message M = 100? (07 Marks)
 a. Write an elegridum to find factors of small numbers using (Dellard Dhe?) (07 Marks)
 - c. Write an algorithm to find factors of small numbers using 'Pollard Rho'. (05 Marks)

- 6 a. Give the naïve string matching algorithm. Show how the algorithm works for the pattern P = aab and text T = acaabc. Why this algorithm is inefficient? (07 Marks)
 - b. Draw the state transition diagram for the string matching automation that accepts all string sending in the string ababaca. (03 Marks)
 - c. With an algorithm explain the working procedure of Rabin Karp for string matching.

(10 Marks)

- 7 a. Compute the prefix function π (Knuth–Morris and Pratt Algorithm) for the pattern ababaca. (05 Marks)
 b. Write and explain an algorithm for polynomial equality testing, using Monte Carlo method.
 - c. Explain how Lag Vegas method is different from Monte Carlo method. (10 Marks)(05 Marks)
- **8** Write short notes on :
 - a. Polynomial representation
 - b. Master method
 - c. Maximum bipartite matching
 - d. String matching autometa.

(20 Marks)

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